# SmartWealth Equity IndoGlobal Fund January 2015

# **BLOOMBERG: AZRPGLB:IJ**



#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and  $\prime$  or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Global region (directly through stocks or ETF), not exceeding 20% of the portfolio at any given time.

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATOR

 Return Performance
 N/A

 Last 1-year period
 N/A

 Best Month
 1.44% Dec-14

 Worst Month
 1.19% Jan-15

Portfolio Breakdown
Equity

Top Five Stocks Holding
94.08% ISHARES CORE MSCI WORLD
5.92% BANK CENTRAL ASIA

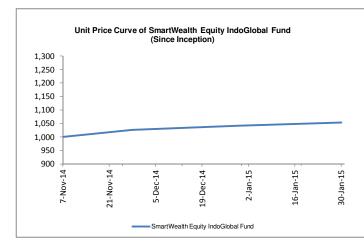
17.93% 6.55% 5.76%

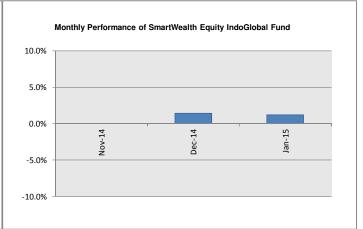
TELEKOMUNIKASI ASTRA INTERNATIONAL BANK MANDIRI

5.47% 5.44%

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth Equity IndoGlobal Fund	1.19%	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	1.19%	5.39%

Cash/Deposit





## KEY FUND FACTS

Fund Size (in bn IDR) : IDR 10.54
Risk Profile : Aggresive Investor
Launch Date : 07 November 2014
Fund Currency : Indonesian IDR

Managed by : PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

Pricing Frequency : Daily

 Price per Unit
 Bid
 Offer

 (As of Jan 30, 2015)
 : IDR 1,001.18
 IDR 1,053.87

Bid-Offer Spread : 5.00%

Management Fee : 1.00% p.a.

### MANAGER COMMENTARY

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced inflation in Jan 2015 at -0.24% mom (vs consensus 0.24%, inflation 2.46% in Dec 2014). CPI was lower than expected was driven by the fuel cut policy, which caused a price reduction in transportation costs and comunication. On yearly basis, inflation printed at 6.96% YoY (vs consensus 7.46%, 8.36% in Dec 2014). Core inflation printed at 4.99% YoY (vs consensus 4.70%, 4.93% in Dec 2014). In the Board of Governors' Meeting on Jan 15th, 2015, Bank Indonesia maintained its reference rate at 7.75%, Lending Facility at 8.0%, and the deposit facility rate (FASBI) at 5.75%. Rupiah depreciated against USD by -0.64% to 12,670 at end of Jan compared to previous month 12,589. Trade balance was surplus +0.19bn USD (non-oil and gas surplus 1.22bn, oil and gas deficit -1.04bn USD) in Dec 2014 (vs consensus surplus +0.17bn USD, deficit -0.43bn USD in Nov 2014). Export decreased by -13.83% YoY mostly driven from export in jewelry, while imports decreased -6.61% YoY. FX Reserves increased +2.388bn USD from 111.862bn USD in Dec 2014 to 114.250bn USD in Jan 2015. BPS announced Q4 2014 GDP expanded by only 5.02% YoY (vs consensus 4.9%) and 2.06% QoQ (vs consensus 1.5%), lower compared to previous quarter with net export decline as the driver. By industry level, GDP growth was driven by agriculture, forestry and fisheries.

The JCI (Jakarta Composite Index) closed higher in January, gaining +1.19% MoM to close at 5,289.40 for the month. Movers were UNVR, ASII, EMTK, ICBP and INDF which rose +10.91%, +5.72%, +21.79%, +10.69% and +11.85% MoM. Meanwhile the laggards were PGAS, SMGR, INTP, GGRM, and SMAR which fell -15.83%, -10.03%, -8.00%, -4.78%, and -15.43% MoM respectively. Investor appetite towards the Indonesian stock market improved as the 2015 Revised Budget discussion between government and parliament went relatively smooth. Foreign investors net flows was at US\$18.54mn for the month where the bulk of the inflows happened during the last 2 weeks of the month, more than offsetting the first two weeks of the month which saw US\$146.5mn foreign net outflows. The outflows were driven by the worry that government will impose some sort of price fixing in a free market environment towards certain industries when the Indonesian government instructed to lower cement selling prices for its state owned cement company in which is operating in an oligopolistic market. Post this action, the government communicated to various media sources that it had no intention to intervene the free market, somewhat bringing positive sentiment back towards the market. Sector wise, the Construction and Property Sector was the best performing sector this month, appreciating by +7.00% MoM. APLN (Agung Podomoro) and WSKT (Waskita Karya) were the movers; rising by +33.13% and +16.67% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Consumer Sector that posted +5.48% MoM gains, driven by MYOR (Mayora) and INDF (Indofood) which saw +16.03% and +11.85% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the Agriculture Sector was the worst performing this month which fell -4.47% MoM, the laggards were SMAR (Sinarmas Agro) and BWPT (Eagle High Plantation) which fell by -15.43%, and -11.25% MoM respectively.

#### Disclaime

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