

SmartWealth US Dollar Equity IndoAsia Fund

August 2017


BLOOMBERG: AZUSIAS:IJ
INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Asia Pacific region, excluding Japan, not exceeding 20% of the fund. This fund is a conversion of the Smartwealth IndoAsia Equity Fund (IDR). The unit price for the USD is calculated using the Bank Indonesia's middle rate.

PERFORMANCE INDICATOR
Return Performance

Last 1-year period **6.21%**
 Best Month **14.32% Oct-15**
 Worst Month **-11.54% Aug-13**

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity **93.45%**
 Cash/Deposit **6.55%**

Top Five Stocks Holding

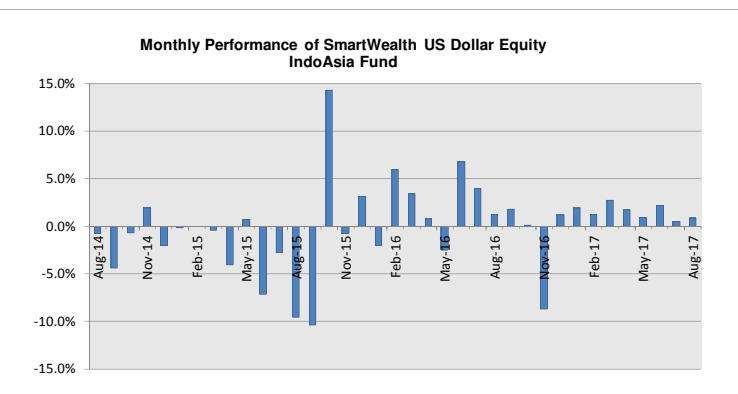
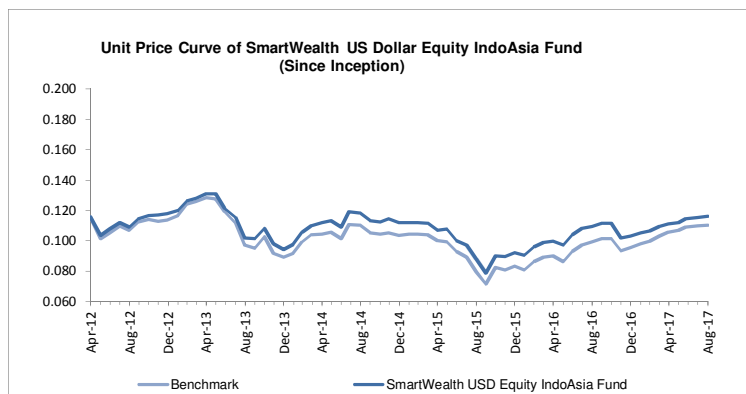
Telekomunikasi Indonesia **6.89%**
 Bank Central Asia **5.97%**
 Unilever Indonesia **5.02%**
 Bank Rakyat Indonesia **4.79%**
 Hanjaya Mandala Sampoerna **4.23%**

Country Breakdown (Stock)

Indonesia **75.24%**
 Philippines **0.00%**
 Hongkong **7.35%**
 South Korea **5.06%**
 Malaysia **0.00%**
 Singapore **0.03%**
 Taiwan **4.77%**
 Thailand **1.00%**

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth USD Equity IndoAsia Fund	0.87%	3.65%	9.30%	6.21%	-1.69%	12.80%	0.43%
Benchmark*	0.45%	3.19%	10.60%	11.32%	0.01%	15.35%	-4.60%

*80% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) and 20% MSCI AC Far East Ex-Japan Index (MXFEJ)


KEY FUND FACTS

Fund Size (in mn USD) : USD 48.10
Risk Profile : Aggressive
Launch Date : 01 May 2012
Fund Currency : US Dollar
Managed by : PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

Pricing Frequency : Daily
Price per Unit (As of Aug 31, 2017) : **Bid** USD 0.1105, **Offer** USD 0.1163
Bid-Offer Spread : 5.00%
Management Fee : 2.00% p.a.

MANAGER COMMENTARY

The Asian market had an overall return of 2.27% for the month of August. Amongst Asian countries, the market top performers were Thailand (4.53%) followed by China (4.24%). Korea (-2.49%) and the Philippines (-2.34%) were the bottom performers for the month. Thailand was the top performer for the month due to positive exports growth as a result of the global trade recovery. China performed well due to better than expected corporate earnings and strong retail sales exports. Korea was one of the bottom performers for the month due to concerns over the new government policies in regard to corporate tax rate hikes, mortgage tightening measures and telecoms tariff cuts. The Philippines was a bottom performer due to the weakening of the peso and political uncertainty.

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced Aug 2017 deflation at -0.07% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.06%, inflation +0.22% in Jul 2017). On yearly basis, inflation was slightly lower to +3.82%yoy (vs consensus inflation 3.99%, +3.88% in Jul 2017). Core inflation was printed at +2.98% yoy (vs +3.05% in Jul 2017). Deflation was mainly caused by lower food ingredients prices, also transportation and communication. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 22 Aug 2017, Bank Indonesia cut its 7-day Reverse Repo Rate by 25bps from 4.75% to 4.50%, also Deposit Facility (DF) from 4.00% to 3.75% and Lending Facility (LF) from 5.50% to 5.25%. Rupiah depreciated by -0.21% to 13,351/USD at end of Aug 2017 from 13,323/USD in previous month. Trade balance booked a deficit of USD 0.27bn (non-oil and gas surplus USD 0.33bn, oil and gas deficit USD 0.60bn) in Jul 2017. Export rose by +41.12% YoY mostly driven by mineral fuel, while imports rose by +54.02% YoY. Indonesia's foreign reserves increased USD 4.67bn to USD 127.76bn in Jul 2017 from USD 123.09bn in Jun 2017. The increase was primarily attributable to foreign exchange receipts, among other from global bond issuance, tax revenues, government oil and gas export proceeds, as well as auction of Bank Indonesia foreign exchange bills.

The JCI (Jakarta Composite Index) ended the month higher at 5864.06 (+0.4% MoM). Market movers were UNVR, HMSP, INTP, BBRI, and RIMO as they rose 3.27%, 2.54%, 13.14%, 2.37% and 44.29% MoM respectively. Market continued to appreciate further during the month of August despite foreign booked net outflow of US\$468mn, lack of positive catalysts in domestic and rising geopolitical risks from North Korea. Dissatisfaction over a flat 2Q17 GDP of +5.01% YoY (below consensus +5.08% YoY) became a concern as the private consumption growth, which contributes 57% of Indo's GDP, clocked in flat at +4.95% YoY (vs 1Q17: 4.94%), historically 2Q data was always stronger than 1Q. The combination between slower wallet size growth, electricity tariff hike, slower government spending realization and rising political tension in 1Q17 eroded purchasing power and deteriorate consumer confidence. As banking data suggests, Indonesians with accounts which had IDR 5bn or more (48% of total banking deposits) had a 15% growth on a YTD basis. Meanwhile those with accounts less than IDR 100mn had a 12% decline. The recent 25 bps rate cut is clearly a signal that monetary policy makers recognize these issues. In summary we are of the view that risk/reward in broad market sense looks less favorable given the modest growth going trajectory in the nearer term and recognize rising geopolitical risk as an external headwind. Sector wise, the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector was the best performing sector during the week, gaining 3.24% MoM. Ticker wise, BKSL (Sentul City) and MKPI (Metropolitan Kentjana) were the movers, appreciating 63.04% and 21.04% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Infrastructure, Utilities and Transportation Sector which rallied 1.86% WoW. Ticker wise, IBST (Inti Bangun Sejahtera) and BUKK (Bukaka Teknik Utama) posted 92% and 54.32% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the week was the Trade, Service and Investment Sector, which recorded a decline of 2.86% MoM. Ticker wise, ICON (Island Concepts Indonesia) and SQMI (Renuka Coalindo) were the laggards which fell 26.4% and 24.44% MoM respectively.